

Homosexual Oppression and Liberation
by Dennis Altman
Reviewed by Andrew Dvorsky

First, general impressions:

Nobody's going to stay up all night to read this one at agulp, because it's heavy. Dennis Altman, a 21-year old Australian political scientist who's taught at N.Y.U., Adelphi and now the University of Sydney, got into gay lib while he was here to teach and study, and as he puts it in what is probably the book's only witty or concise remark, "Bring an academic and a movement together and one produces a book."

The book Altman, as I must call him (stifful to call a gay brother that way by his last name) it creates a straight, depersonalized, and competitive *N.Y. Times Book Reviewer's* head has produced is a learned thesis on how we got to where we are; i.e., why a gay liberation movement at this particular time.

To this end, straight prophets of sexual liberation (Freud, Reich, Norman O. Brown, Marquis, and one semigay Paul Goodman) are invoked by the shelf full, and what they have to say is interesting, somewhat (of which, more later).

But from a book whose subtitle is "Oppression and Liberation" one expects some of the stuff of life, too; the sense of what it means to be gay here, now, in an oppressive straight world, and this comes not from abstract theory, but from personal testimony and experience. I feel that this is what it is important to write about, since we all, even at this point, still take for granted, are hardly aware of, so much of the shit, so many of the limitations that straight society lays on us. Of such testimony, there is very little in this book.

(That Altman didn't intend to write that sort of book I know, but inevitably my reactions to the book he did write are colored by what I expect from a book on gay liberation, and to report otherwise would be dishonest).

The book's style would do credit to any political science scholarly journal, I suppose; being full of lumps of cluttered, inexpensive prose such as this: "to change consciousness in an underdeveloped and once neo-colonial state like Cuba must in some ways reverse the changes applicable to North America/Western Europe/Australia." Oi, vey, Dennis!

New as to specific ideas: which I'd try to react to out of my experience as one gay person:

The big, new idea in the book is that gay liberation is "the child of the counter-culture," i.e., of rock, drugs, of living not to work but to live, of all that has happened to American youth culture in the last ten years. This is discussed in the chapter "America, The Counter-Culture and Gay Liberation," in which increased technology is seen as having made obsolescent the Puritan virtues of continence, competitiveness, etc. Rock in particular as a cultural phenomenon, Altman feels, has softened the superrigid male/female dichotomy that afflicted America.

How to know if this is true? Practically speaking, do I as a gay person feel more comfortable standing next to or talking with a straight rock freak as opposed to a straight corporate type. Yes, but only slightly, and given this fact, Altman's explanation would seem to have less than total validity.

The Book's political viewpoint is radical: gay liberation demands a revision of society rather than an incorporation into it. On the one hand, gay liberation's essential quality "lies in its assumption of gayness; its refusal to feel shame or guilt at being homosexual...the real oppression we suffer is psychological."

But, in two chapters entitled "Towards a Polyamorous World" and "The End of the Homosexual," Altman recognizes that as long as a minority greatly differs from the majority, it will continue to be oppressed by that majority, which it frightens: "Unlike other minorities, we live within the oppressor himself."

For this reason, gay liberationists will, along with women's lib, have to shoulder the straight man's burden, so to speak, carrying out a world and an existence where there are no sexual roles, there is no straight and gay, etc. This is implicit in Altman's statement that "It may be the historic function of the homosexual to...accept his/her heterosexuality as well, and bring to its logical conclusion the Freudian belief in our inherent bisexuality."

Such a society would increasingly be based on communal living, in which children would be free from the mad possessiveness of parents, which they later copy, and to which male children in particular

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would no longer be inundated with the macho ethic which has so fucked up the world.

This is all heavy stuff, and we all damn well know that it's not going to happen tomorrow. Meanwhile, I've seriously contemplated adopting a male child, because I dig them, and they dig me. But I wince when I think how the son that's grown up with me will suffer when he comes into contact with his little macho equivalents on the block or in school. So maybe we do need communal living now — those of us gay people who dig raising kids — to create an atmosphere with many human values for both kids and adults.

On sexual roles, within the gay world as it is right now: some of us are into drag, some of us into leather, some of us, like me, daily with both. Altman sees both of these as examples of gay people's internalizations of straight society's insistence on rigidly different personalities for a man and a woman. Perhaps it's more complicated; for me, becoming "feminine" has been a way of making myself more expressive, an escape from the arid macho closet I was in for so many years.

And S&M may be some gay people's way of coping with the frighteningly new phenomenon of love between two totally equal males, via slave/master roles (bisexuals have never had totally equal relationships as it has been understood, at least by straight males, that the woman is in some sense always subservient to the man.)

Finally, the whole matter of separation and our relations to straight people. Altman comments on how paranoid gay people can get if they totally isolate themselves from straights, how all straight people thus become seen as the enemy, regardless of their personal views. All right, this mouthy very dear straight friend of mine of ten years standing is getting married, at his mother-in-law's house; So I go, but do I wear my "Gay Revolution" button, which I wear to work and everywhere else; do I bring another gay male and dance with him (If I can do my thing, I don't begrudge them their thing)? Do I visit this and upset her conservative Catholic parents, whom I'll never see again, on this so terribly important day to them. Or shall I be a good boy, and by suppressing myself be miserable that day? Not a major crisis in the revolution, but of such stuff are a gay person's relationships with straights made.

Homosexual Oppression and Liberation takes a long, composed view of things, and there's something to be said for trying to see the gay revolution in a historical context, of changing ideas and social mores. But to write so in the distance oneself especially from the movement and its brothers and sisters. There is little passion, little outrage in the book, and not too much militant love. It's painful to have to write this about a gay brother who's created to articulate his vision of the movement, but it's true, it's true. Scholarship, there is aplenty, along with some perceptive thinking.

Inexpensive, but don't bother mailing her, as we used to say of the more aloof numbers at *Julius'* in pre-liberation days.

Arthur Bell, one of the founders of the Gay Activists Alliance, has also published a book called "Dancing the Gay Lib Blues". The book was not reviewed in this issue of *Come Out!* because we could not come across a review we felt we could publish. We did not review the book ourselves because we felt that someone with a more intimate familiarity with the events described in the book should review it. Our action is in no way related to an evaluation of the book. The book poses an important question: Can there be Gay Liberation without Gay consciousness? We invite a review of the book from our readers.

Homosexual Liberation
a personal view
by John Murphy

reviewed by
Steve Gavin

John Murphy's *Homosexual Liberation* is the best book I have yet read dealing with the Gay Liberation movement and published via the straight media. It presents Gay Liberation from an essential vantage point, the developing Gay consciousness. It points out to Gay men just out of the closet that there are many other closets than which they must travel.

The book is basically geared to middle class men, and there lie its basic faults. Contrary to middle class assertions having an advanced degree is not an asset to self-liberation. On the contrary, intellectualization is a sophisticated form of closetry. All of our "educational" institutions are thoroughly entrenched in sexism. Being part of a consciousness raising group of whom members have graduate school training is not the most John would have us believe. Middle class men are ill at ease in expressing love for each other not in spite of graduate school training but because of graduate school training. It's not so much that John implies the former — though he gives me the impression off and on throughout the book — it's that he doesn't seem to appreciate the latter.

Basically the book is geared to this level. It is telling middle class America that they need not worry about Gay Liberation, that with the right perspective the Gay Liberation movement will comport with middle class values. And, unfortunately, at the stage the movement is in now, he basically right.

John appears much too sheltered from the movement. He never stayed with one movement group long enough to appreciate the immense contradictions that must be resolved. While he dropped in, now and then, to the Gay Community Center, there were those who were trying to make the center work. The community center eventually folded.

Let me not give the impression by these criticisms that the book conveys advances with other books on Gay Liberation from the straight press. On the contrary, I consider this book eight years ahead of any other men's book on Gay Liberation I have yet encountered. While many thousands of consciousness-miles have been traveled since the "gay is just as good as straight" period, John is still pointing in the right direction. The road to liberation winds thru the murky swamp encompassed by this book. For a Gay man beginning to establish his identity this book can be very valuable. Except for certain sections where John uses his closet skeleton of the literary past, the book provides interesting reading.

REMEMBER

I remember when I used to be so lonely
that I felt like an animal deprived of its tribe
when I used to wonder what was hurting me, when
I could only feel hurt
when fear was so natural that all I
could remember was fear
when I would watch the sun go down
after days of rusty razor blades
keeping that I too might be carried away
on the last sinking sigh of day
when memory was like a growing tree
that kills its branches
by blurring out the sky

I remember things as they used to be
it is good that they are over and more

has come to me, because loneliness is
not the ultimate destiny but is
another tribe of the man who sits at his desk
and watches the clock

Perry Brass

Well, I say it's Maurice!

Malorie

For many years E. M. Forster has been known as a master craftsman and prime artist of the English language. In a span of five novels he created two highly acclaimed classics *Howard's End* and *A Passage to India*. There were also rumors of a sixth novel, one written in the time between these two major works that could not be published because of its disastrous topic. The subject of this novel was of course left to the speculation of many, but to the followers of Forster who delighted in the imagery of the former novels, it was no surprise that the topic was homosexuality.

E.M. Forster, for all that he is noted, never wrote a novel with the public in mind. Instead he chose to serve an inner light, one of personal growth, and

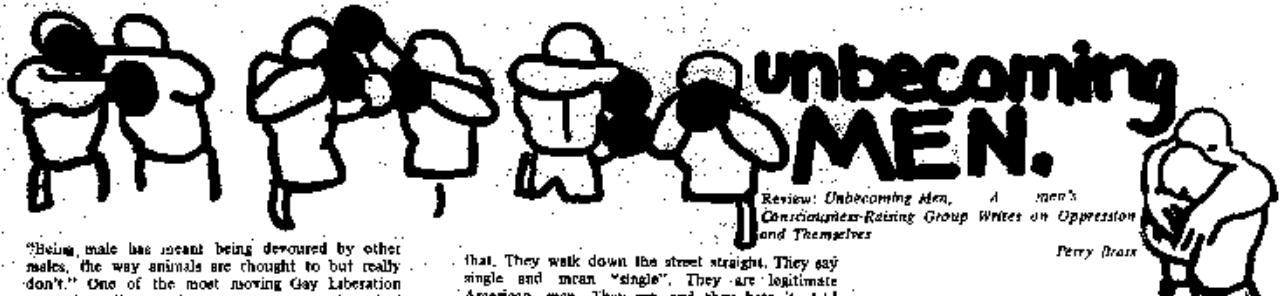
present this development to his reading audience. This honesty to a growing inner view of life, unselfishly led Forster 'in forsake art and pursue life directly. So then how are we to view Maurice. Maurice appeared at the height of Forster's creative powers and also it seems at the point when he was making another important facet of his life conscious. Today in an age of consciousness raising it is easy to understand this process, but it is also comforting to know that the human being is capable of working these things out for himself.

What was the life Forster would have faced as a homosexual? Edwardian England was a time of great repression. It was not a time for assertiveness as Oscar Wilde proved; and yet it was a time for those

introspection. Most ages to the homosexual can be viewed in feudal terms. Even in an age as liberal as ours one still must face the neo-Edwardian pose of Manhattan's Upper East Side and shudder for homosexual love. Forster was pushed as many of our liberated contemporaries into developing a character pose quickly only in a novel that was as completely unlike himself as possible. It is a wonder as I see the various sets of New York acting out their roles just where novels they have adopted to their lives.

Nonetheless, E.M. Forster has presented the world with its first modern gay artifact. He has given the contemporary world a view into a tankard and acting which at times though repulsive is always searching and growing. Forster, more of all, must have been a very strong man. He was direct, straightforward, the optimistic tone of love though he himself probably did not find a totally satisfying relationship. Here is the lesson of Maurice Hall — one must dare to live his dreams. After all, Maurice Hall, the epitome of England's middle classes, knew best when it was time to forgive a life of passing for one of dream fulfillment. Perhaps also, Forster, though any thinking in this direction is contrary to straight oriented biographies.

J.S. Salata



"Being male has meant being devoured by other males, the way animals are thought to but really don't." One of the most moving Gay Liberation pamphlets I've read in a long time is called "Unbecoming Men". It is published by Times/Change Press who put out the Come Out! Anthology. It is dollar twenty five a copy. It is written by four straight men. It is written by men who have oppressed us, speaking for Gay men, in school, in 1950's fraternities houses, at camp, in the Army. It is written by men who have early in life realized that they were, too, not meant to be the American Dream and who have been hurt and cut by the American Dream, just as all Gay men, but who have tried to hide their hurt, their pain and their failure, just as many of us have done. Just as I have done. Unbecoming Men is a series of stories or articles about what it is to be a straight man in Amerikan death/culture. What makes it all so close to home is that these are the men that I went to summer camp with, went to high school with and went to college with and met when the so called Movement meets. And what they have to say is what I have felt for years and what you, my Gay brothers have felt for years. But what makes it all so strange is that the voices are not coming from that particular alienated point of view that Gay men have felt and known — that point of view slightly outside of things because we have never been let in, but from the inside. Do you ever wonder what it's like to walk down the street and be straight? to feel that you are feeling what the rest of America is feeling? that you are now a legitimate part of the American machine? that when you fill out a job application that says married/or single and you write single, then you mean single not Gay? Well, the four men who wrote Unbecoming Men are those men who do

that. They walk down the street straight. They say single and mean "single". They are legitimate American men. They are, and they hate it. And they are hurt by it. And they talk about it. But mostly they talk about how crippled they are by American sexstereotyping. How oppressed they are by their own role. How oppressive they know they've been. But not how alive they are going to become. How open they are going to become. How they are going to break out of death/culture shell. Because they're not going to become Gay. And they can't relate to each any further than just being four straight men — four separated men, until they do.

But I feel that Unbecoming Men is a good Gay Liberation pamphlet because it does go somewhere in breaking down the gulf that stands at this time between Gay and straight men. Because I have been so unable to relate to straight men for such a long time now (possibly seven years), I have felt even more alienated and straight men have become to me like a great blank wall. Most of them are. Straight men are of a different class than Gay men. It is a class of alienation and fear. Not because I don't show my feelings doesn't mean that I don't have them, one of my friends in college used to say to me. But how long could I wait to be assured that they were there somewhere? I used to feel that I was the only person in the world who didn't fit into the world of Savannah, Georgia who felt the he couldn't possibly fit into the world down there. I used to feel that I was the only person in this world who was Gay. I used to feel that I was the only person in the world who didn't hate himself for being Gay. Now I've found that I'm not the only Gay person in the world, nor the only one who doesn't hate himself, but I still wonder about the people I grew up with and I've found them

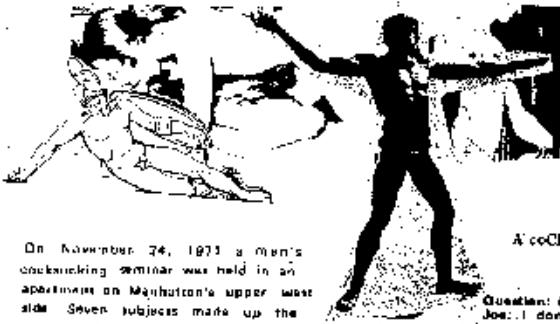
again in Unbecoming Men. It's really incredible to realize that a few people were with me all along, but they just couldn't let it out. And for a great deal of the time, neither could I. As Pogo said, "we have met the enemy and he is...us."

Lately I've begun to realize how upright I am around straight men. Some of this uprightness is warranted. Straight men treat each other like objects of competition and fear like an alien creature stuck in their own bodies. They often make feel that they hate themselves. That they despise their own bodies. But to a certain degree my uprightness comes from the fact that I don't know how to react with them. I can't be real with them the way I can be with many Gay men and with many women. I can't reach out for them physically or to them emotionally. And I have begun to realize that when I don't know how to deal with my feelings towards people in a direct way, when I have to become afraid of my own feelings, I become upright and competitive: fearful. I sometimes want straight men to accept me as a person (that means "straight") and yet I can't accept myself that way. Therefore conflict and anxiety/competition and fear. Unbecoming Men has enabled me to see straight men as more real people, not just figures of repression. But it has also made me aware of how far they have to go before I can relate to them on the levels of trust and care that I relate to my Gay brothers.

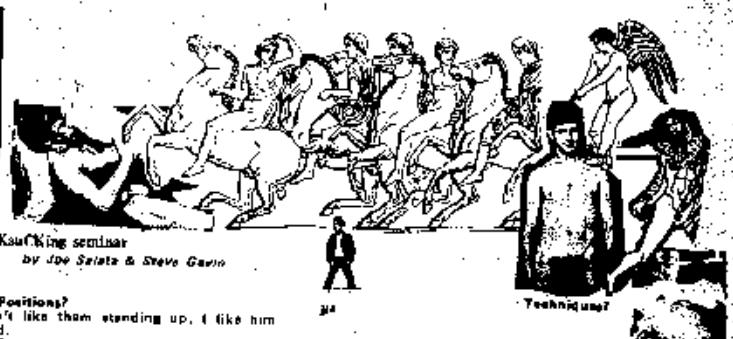
Unbecoming Men is available through Times/Change Press, Port Murray, New Jersey 07865. Price \$1.25, sixty-two pages with many black and white photos and drawings and heavy enameled paper cover.



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A coCKauKing seminar
by Joe Salata & Steve Gatto



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Technique

On November 24, 1971 a Men's coCKauKing seminar was held in an apartment on Manhattan's upper west side. Seven subjects made up the representative sample. Their ages and experiences varied in a great degree.

The purpose of the seminar was to help combat our puritanism which lingers in the gay liberation movement. Owing to a low consciousness men identify with their straight counterparts and delegate sex to a tertiary function in their lives. One thing characteristic of gay men before the movement was that they were promiscuous. This designation was given them by straights who compensate for the nakedness of their lives by denigrating those who have attained a free life style.

Another purpose for this seminar comes from our experiences in coming out. Certain fears are common to our learning sexual expression. We are constantly told that having sex is something you just do, that everyone can just do with no thought to technique. Feelings of inadequacy arise when we cannot face awkwardness in our early experiences. We were surprised to see how awkward we still are, even after the many sexual experiences we have had. We discovered one basic fact from our seminar: from each experience we gained a new freedom of sexual expression making us more capable of getting closer to our partners. We achieve an expertise attained only by our own self-fulfillment (not by a performance standard).

To those of you who are "shocked" at what we enjoy doing in bed we can only recommend that you hold a seminar of your own. Perhaps you may learn things about yourselves as we have learned about ourselves. Our sexuality is an ever-changing process, past and present experiences combine together to release us from our present hangups. But first, we must realize what our hangups are and how others have overcome theirs. This can be another benefit of such a seminar.

Question: What do you think are the erogenous zones of the body?

Joe: Your nose, nose, nipples, mouth, solar plexus, ears and back.

Eric Group: The whole body when you come to park it in [laughs].

Eric: The penis. I like to suck or lick that area between the balls or scrotum. And also the end of the penis is the most sensitive. For me it's all in the crack.

Dave: It's the same with me pretty much. I like fucking just in behind the penis. And fondling the scrotal area. And finger fucking. Having my head right at his dick. And then further having my face wrapped between his legs. I don't like my tits sucked but I like them ribbed. Rimming the ears. Sometimes I like armpits, not always.

Eric: There's lots of nerve endings there.

David: I really enjoy having my thighs massaged, and the groin area, and I enjoy doing it too. I find the base of my cock and the area just behind it most enjoyable.

Chris: One area that wasn't mentioned was the neck. Breathing on the neck...or biting. Wow!, or even down or up. The shoulder area as well.

Dave: One area to me is the back right above the neck.

Jim: What about the insides of your thighs? And the insides of your thighs? And I like to bite people too, on the nipples, cheeks, the back, or anything. It does something to me as well as it does something to them, I think.

Steve: I especially like the perineum area, especially around the scrotum and just massaging around the crack. That's a very sensitive part of your body. A unique type of massage including the public area.

Jim: I think the main things would be to be sensitive enough to feel that whatever you do could be pleasing to them. Because there are no hard and fast rules about the 100 erogenous places.

Eric: I like to use the whole body and go over and over. I mean, I'm so into it, that you can't tell me to stop. That's a lot to think that you can't tell me to stop.

Chris: How do we please someone? What positions do we take while sucking someone's cock?

Joe: At first, I used to put the underwear right up to my penis and just hold it in my hand to hold it in, at least not my mouth. Then work my way down. You must always keep it in mind keeping him aroused.

Chris: Okay. How do you know you've turned him on?

Joe: Well, you can talk to them and find out.

Steve: Many times I think I know and then find out I haven't doing anything.

Eric: Well, if you get them to write...

Joe: Yeah, when you feel the waves coming in, they're turned on.

Question: Positions?

Joe: I don't like them standing up, I like him lying on a bed.

Eric: I prefer them standing or kneeling over me. To me the height of sensuality.

David: The way I really enjoy it is if he is standing and he's got his clothes on and I'm massaging his body and into his groin, then he may be sitting on my lap and I'm still massaging his thighs. Then unzipping his pants and sucking him. When he has an erection we'll gradually proceed in undressing each other. Then to work into my favorite position, **69**. When I really start sucking, I prefer him standing or sitting on my lap.

Burt: First with their clothes on, I rub them, feel their penis and kiss them on the breast...take off their shirt and kiss them...continually kiss them...work on the nipples and the solar plexus area...if I do with their clothes on especially dangerous...I agree with David very much...stimulate them by generally doing to them what I like done to myself...the cock area under the head in the back [breast]. I think is the most sensitive...I'll lick it, rub it, and massage it with my lips, and I tickle the end of it with my tongue...AND I'LL GO TO IT!

Chris: The now, gradual build-up has all been described, the hard work of massaging and kissing takes a great deal. As for position I like him standing over me. The aroused just happens. The person stands or else I just hunch over him as he is lying. I also like to kneel before the person who's standing.

Question: What do you do now that the sucking has started? What techniques do you use with your tongue? In what sequence? How do you get feedback from your partner? What are some individual differences you have found?

Jim: I would judge the person's reactions, I would try to do what would turn him on. If he reacted to some stimulus favorably, I would probably keep it up. People don't all react to the same thing. Some like it sucked deeper and some like it just licked. But it always depends on what the person likes...from a sort of feedback...if they scream against you, it means go deeper, if they would be positive and still keep a very hard erection, I would assume it was satisfactory...some you do little and they come...

Eric: I think it's a good idea to ask them what they like done to them. Some people get their satisfaction from your telling them how good it feels,

Jim: Treat the person like he's important; some way impress on him that he's a special person; and that way you'll get a better response.

Eric: I like to run their thighs and belly while I'm sucking, hold them tight, lick them first and all around, usually before I suck them but many times in between. Sometimes sucking hard like a milking machine can be immensely gratifying. Showing strength often communicates to your partner that you really like what he is.

Question: What is a teasing technique?

Joe: I went with someone who tried that, and he was unhappy that evening. I was bored and just quit.

Eric: That would be my reaction too.

Joe: It could work, but I wouldn't just blabber into it. I wouldn't go out and do it tomorrow night.

Steve: You mean you thought he was cutting you off?

Joe: No, he explained it to me, but I was just bored playing around. I can only take so much, and I invited that day. It just had to give up after two hours.

Eric: It may work for those who are afraid because they could think old and not take too much at one time.

Question: So, you're saying you continue with the teasing until the person comes?

Eric: Yes...

Burt: I like that technique. Teasing techniques, I find it very stimulating. I don't carry it out for two hours, but it stimulates me also. To start I like to tongue the阴唇 for added stimulus. It depends personally, for my own satisfaction, I like to feel...gratified...that's how I gratify myself...I'll bring the tongue and the stimulation...I go under the scrotum and then they tell you what they like...say "fuck my balls" or "kiss my balls" and car stop, I can kiss the belly button or the belly...or the nipples. It's by instinct on the guys...some you can use a direct approach, if it's someone I really enjoy it...it's a built up, I've only came a few times in my life...from being stimulated, personally I like to just suck.

David: If I'm sucking, I like the whole penis. I like an awful lot of saliva and take it in and out. While I'm sucking, I like to hold his testicles and them behind his scrotum and finger fuck him. Hopefully I'll be doing sixty-nine and my head will be right in between his legs. If I'm being sucked, I like him over to take the whole thing too. Just holding my penis — the end of it — drives me crazy;

I'm so tickled I can't stand it. I let the other guy know he's doing this by drawing back. I usually ask him to take the whole thing.

Chris: Similar process. Usually it's individualistic, and I get no feedback whatsoever; so I usually do it in one continuous process. But, you know, when a person expresses a preference, I'll be right there to fulfill his desires.

Question: I'm sucking someone. What am I conscious of in my environment? What do I think about? What do I focus on?

Joe: I think too much...that's maybe why I don't like cock sucking. I think about books I've read or people or poems I've written. When I'm being sucked, I can get right out of the world with the person. We're one in a big way.

Question: Do you keep your eyes open?

Jim: Not.

David: Oh I always do it.

Jim: I don't hear anything; I just think of what I'm doing.

Burt: If the phone rang, I'd stop and answer. I like light...I like to see the person's body. That's half the pleasure.

Burt: I like to look at his face.

Jim: I'd rather explore the person's body with my fingers.

Burt: I like to look at the person, his face. I like play, I like him to push my face in, and I look up at him.

David: I like to look at the person. But, I have my fantasy too. If the person I'm sucking doesn't live up to my expectations, I daydream of sucking someone else or a companion.

Chris: Usually I just keep that one aim in mind — to please. What can I do to further the pleasure is my goal. Feedback is a big thing with me. I become totally aware of the feedback and try to improve. To a high point I just concentrate on pleasing him.

Steve: I learned to enjoy doing it myself. There is just as much enjoyment in it for me as for him. After all the mouth is one of the erogenous regions and the cock is a wonderful instrument. I really enjoy it. Sometimes BB can be distracting. There is too much going on. I like to do dromes keeping my eyes open and sensitive to all sensations around me.

Question: What do I tell my partner to do? How do I tell if he doesn't come? How do I feel if my partner does other things while I'm sucking him — lighting a cigarette, for instance?

Jim: If they do something else, I stop.

Steve: Sometimes even coughing has a negative effect.

Questioner: Do you like someone to move?

Jim: I don't like extremely large cocks. If my partner doesn't come, I ask him what and if the answer is satisfactory, then it doesn't bother me.

Eric: I like my partner to write a little to show that he's enjoying it. I don't like my partner to choke me or be violent so I can't enjoy it. If he doesn't come, I can't like it. Someone sucking me doesn't make me come unless he's very good at it. I find it hard to have an orgasm unless I'm masturbating. Even while sucking I can't have one, I guess I need more friction.

David: The cocks over as I'll take them as they come [laughs]. You can't be that specific. Because people's anatomy being what it is, it's hard to demand. I enjoy taking the whole cock, or as much as I can at my own rate. I like him to move, around to some degree. As far as my thinking of something else, I think it's worse when they talk, so when I'm done, I [laughs]. This happened to me when I was living in New Haven. This trick of mine was doing his dissertation on Chapter 88, and while I'm sucking him out he's giving me a thirty-eighth hour lecture. I never laughed.

Burt: I can tell them to give me a lot of stimulation. I like when they wrap their arms around me and press with their body. If he did something else I might find it sexy, I like a nice cool hand, not with flavor. I like them average sized. This is much better because the more we in your mouth, get very tired, and some guys don't come right away. If I was breathing in, and I could hold the [sic] out, I'd really feel sad if he didn't come. If we were both having a rough time, I would stop it.

Chris: The same attitude prevails with me. I would feel the biological function isn't completed. As far as size it can't be too big...would turn me off completely. I like motion; it adds to my enjoyment. As far as lighting a cigarette, maybe

Contin. on Next Page.